

# The Newport Mercury.

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No. 4,398.

NEWPORT, SATURDAY, AUGUST 8, 1846.

Established  
A.D. 1738

## The Newport Mercury.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY

J. H. BARBER.

No. 133, Thames Street.

Terms—Two DOLLARS per annum.

## PLAIN & FANCY JOB PRINTING

Promptly executed, at prices as low as those of any other establishment.

## Weekly Almanac.

1846.	Sun	Sun	Moon	High
AUGUST.	rise	sets.	sets.	Water
8 Saturday,	4 59	7 17	51 9	9
9 Sunday,	3 16	5 58	27 10	4
10 Monday,	5 26	6 58	9 00	10 57
11 Tuesday,	5 36	6 57	9 36	11 30
12 Wednesday,	5 46	6 56	10 13	morn.
13 Thursday,	5 56	6 54	11 30	41
14 Friday,	5 66	53 11	38 1	32

Moon last q'r, 13th d 6h 7m evening.

## DISCOUNT DAYS

AT THE SEVERAL BANKS IN THIS TOWN.

Merchants Bank, on Monday afternoon.  
Newport Exchange Bank, on Monday eve-  
ning.

Newport Bank, on Tuesday afternoon.

New England Commercial Bank, on Tues-  
day afternoon.

Rhode Island Union Bank, on Wednesday  
afternoon.

Bank of Rhode Island, on Thursday after-  
noon.

Traders Bank, on Friday evening.

## POST OFFICE—Summer Arrangement.

MAILS CLOSE.

Providence—Daily, 8 12 A. M.

Boston do 1 P. M.

New York do 7 P. M.

Westerly, Tuesdays and Fridays, 6 A. M.

New Shoreham, Fridays, 8 A. M.

Fall River, twice a day, 8 12 A. M., 1 P. M.

Office hours, from 6 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sun-  
days, from arrival of the New York mail to  
10 A. M. JOSEPH JOSLEN, P. M.

## Custom House.

OFFICE HOURS.

From 9 A. M. to 1 P. M., and 3 P. M. to 5 P. M.

EDWIN WILBUR, Collector.

## FOR SALE.

THE residence of the Subscri-  
ber is now offered for sale.—

For further particulars apply  
to J. H. Gilliat.

Newport, July 11, 1846.—tl.

## Orange Flower, Peach and Rose Water,

And a Variety of Extracts,  
SUCH AS

Preston's pure extract of Lemon and  
Delluc & Dupuy's extracts of Almonds,  
Citron, Orange, Rose, Peach, Lemon,  
Nectarin, Vanilla, &c. &c.; all of which  
are superior articles for flavoring pud-  
dings, pies, sauces, &c.

Just received and for sale at the  
Confectionary and Variety Store of

T. STACY, Jr.

July 18, 1846.—is4w.

## West India Honey,

For sale by WILLIAM NEWTON.

June 27. 150 Thames street.

## FAUCETS.

BRASS Croton Faucets, of every dis-  
cription and price, for sale by

NATHAN M. CHAFFEE.

A few doors North of the Custom House.

## R. B. KINSLEY'S

Daily Forwarding Express.

FOR large and small Packages (ex-  
cluding Mail matter) between Newport  
Boston, Fall River, Taunton and New Bedford.  
Freight in large quantities taken at  
reduced rates.

Office in Newport one door south of E  
F. Newton's Grocery store, Thames street  
Office in Boston at No. 7 State street.  
Feb. 14, 1846.

## SEA BATHS

On Long Wharf:

EVERY day and evening from 6 o'clock  
a. m. to 9 p. m. (Sundays excepted).  
Warm, Shower, and Swimming Baths.  
These baths impart agreeable sensations  
to the mind, keep the skin clear and clean,  
the body healthy and vigorous; removing  
the dead particles of the cuticle, causing  
the blood to circulate freely, lighting up  
a fresh and healthy glow in the most sallow  
countenance. Those who participate in  
these luxuries improve their disposition and  
memory.

June 6.] E. TREVETT.

## BLACK Silk Shawls, handsome

styles, for sale by

WM. C. COZZENS, & CO.

## FOR SALE.

A NEW and substantial CARYALL.

one second hand Chaise, and one

Wagon. Apply to

JAMES CHASE.

## POETRY.

### STANZAS.

Life is an ocean of sunshine and show'rs,  
Of cares and of hopes and of sorrow,  
And our pathway to-day may be glowing with  
flow'rs,  
And thorny and dreary to-morrow.  
Yet the clouds that to-day overshadow the sky,  
And spread their dark canopy o'er us,  
May to-morrow disperse to gladden each eye,  
And make brighter the pathway before us.

Then why should we sink 'neath the shadows  
of gloom,  
Though the midnight tornado be howling,  
When we know that a star will arise to il-  
lume  
Our course, where rude danger is prowling?  
Then merrily onward with sails ever set  
We'll press, disregarding each sorrow;  
For though dark be the heavens and threaten-  
ing yet,  
Our sun shall arise on the morrow.

**Beautiful Incident.**—While the choir  
of St. Paul's Church were chanting the  
Te Deum on Sunday morning, a dove  
alighted upon the top sash of the window  
near the gallery, just as they came to the  
plaintive and supplicatory passage,  
"We know that Thou shalt come to be  
our judge; we therefore pray Thee to  
keep Thy precious blood." Stretching  
out its beautiful neck from which were  
reflected the brilliant hues of the rain-  
bow, it listened to the solemn and sooth-  
ing strains as they filled the church with  
harmony, and sat there until the chaunt  
was ended. Then gently raising itself  
from its perch, it soared away into the  
blue heavens to offer up its own prayers  
and praises to "Him who feedeth the  
young ravens," and "suffereth not a spar-  
row to fall to the ground without His  
knowledge."—Cincin. Atlas.

## Now is Your Time.

AT THE CHEAP CASH SHOE STORE,  
No. 95 Thames St.



Corner of Market Square, Newport,  
GEORGE H. NORMAN, & CO.

**W**ISH to inform every person who  
wears Shoe Leather that they  
have just received the best and cheapest  
assortment of

## BOOTS & SHOES,

that can be found in the town, and they are  
determined that their whole attention shall be

## GIVEN

to please and accommodate their customers,  
and fit them in the best style imaginable and  
at the very lowest prices, so that none can  
possibly go

## AWAY

dissatisfied. They are now opening a lot of  
Ladies, Gentlemen's, Masters & Misses Boots,  
Shoes and Gaiters,—all of which have been  
bought low, and will be sold at a very small  
advance for CASH. June 27.

## Deafness can be Cured.



**COOPER'S ETHERAL OIL.**—A  
prompt and lasting remedy for DEAF-  
NESS, also for pains and discharge of ma-  
ter from the Ears.

Hundreds of cures in cases deemed utterly  
hopeless have firmly established its superiority  
over every former Medical discovery.

This valuable Acoustic Medicine is a com-  
pound of four different Oils, one of which,  
the active and principal ingredient, is ob-  
tained from the bark of a certain species of  
Walnut, a new and effectual agent in the cure  
of deafness.

Persons afflicted with deafness, no  
matter of how long standing, (it not born so,) who  
have tried every other remedy in vain—are  
requested to call upon the Agents and  
procure a printed sheet containing Certificates  
and other evidences of its efficacy, which it  
is hoped will induce every person afflicted  
with Deafness, to make a trial of this truly  
valuable medicine. For sale in Newport by  
R. J. TAYLOR, Sole Agent.

March 28.

## COAL.

**T**HE best quality of RED ASH and

LEHIGH COAL, constantly on

hand and for sale, at as low a rate, for

cash, as can be bought in Newport, by

the subscriber, on the Perry Factory

wharf. NICHOLAS GIFFORD.

**CHAMPAIGN,** of the most favorite

Brands, for sale by WM. NEWTON.

150 Thames Street.

July 25.

From the Christian Parlor Magazine.

## The Flower of our Village.

ELLEN GRAY was pretty; there is no  
doubt of it; and to say that I loved her  
would be saying no more than every one  
might say on whom the light of her  
bright eye shone. Up there in the  
country where we lived, there was none  
of that stiff formality, and no rules of  
conventional etiquette that govern socie-  
ty here in the city, and the heart had  
full play in childhood and youth. Our  
young people acted as they felt; and as  
they were usually happy, they seemed to  
enjoy themselves when they came to-  
gether for an evening visit, or set off on  
a winter's sleigh-ride. But if there was  
one more buoyant and joyous than the  
rest, it was Ellen. Her heart was al-  
ways in her face; light, ardent, pure,  
and blessed herself, a stream of love and  
blessedness flowed ever from her warm  
soul, as from a perennial fountain.

She was ten years younger than I,  
and was therefore a little girl when I  
was grown to man's estate, and my  
heart was fixed before Ellen came on  
the stage. But every body loved Ellen  
Gray, and I loved her with the rest; and  
why should I not? There was no more  
harm in loving her than in loving a fairy  
or a picture of an angel. The heart  
would go out after one who loved every  
one; and hence the universal admiration  
which this sweet girl received as she  
passed on from childhood among the  
years that are known as the teens. Her  
father was dead, and her mother was  
poor, and Ellen was an only child; and  
if a slight feeling of pity was mingled  
with the feelings which moved the heart  
when Ellen Gray was near you, it served  
only to deepen the attachment with  
which this child was regarded. But  
before the death of her father, Ellen had  
enjoyed as good opportunities for instruc-  
tion as that region of country afforded,  
and she had improved them all. Quick,  
ready, and ardent in pursuit of anything  
on which her mind was set, she had made  
rapid and solid advancement in learning,  
so that there was no young lady of  
her age who was equal to her.

Ellen's mother had struggled hard,  
after she was left a widow, to provide  
the means of support for herself and her  
daughter. How tenderly that mother  
and that child loved! It was a sight to  
bless the eye to look in upon their cot-  
tage; you could not say which was the  
most dependent; the mother lived for  
the daughter, and the daughter was hap-  
py only as she was the solace and sup-  
port of her on whose breast in infancy  
she leaned. And the sweet smile of the  
daughter lighted that cottage as a star  
that never set. The mother rejoiced in  
it, and felt gratitude she could not speak  
in the possession of a treasure that no  
wealth, in her poverty, could buy.

But the mother's health was feeble, and  
her labors were of course hardly suffi-  
cient to maintain herself, and Ellen's in-  
dustry must add to the common store.—  
This was cheerfully rendered; and for  
many years past, even when Ellen was  
but a mere child, she had delighted to  
spend her mornings and evenings in  
helping her mother, performing those  
light domestic duties which a child may  
easily discharge, if so disposed, and  
which lighten the load of a mother's  
cares, and leave her more leisure and  
strength for the more profitable employ-  
ments on which she depended for daily  
bread. Now, let not any refined and  
sensitive reader in the city suppose that  
Ellen and her mother were the less re-  
spectable, or the less respected by the best  
people in the town of Lillinton, because  
they worked for a living. The fact is,  
they would not have been esteemed had  
they been willing to be dependent so long  
as they could take care of them-  
selves. There was not a lady in Lillinton  
more beloved than Mrs. Gray. She was  
at the head of many of the move-  
ments of the parish for the promotion of  
this and that object of Christian benevo-  
lence; she was often looked up to for  
advice, and her example was as power-  
ful as that of any other lady, except the  
minister's wife. In the best circles, that  
is, among the wealthiest and most intel-  
ligent people of the town, Ellen Gray  
was the brightest ornament; her com-  
pany was sought; and a party was dull  
that lacked the light of Ellen's smile and  
the ring of her joyous voice. It was  
the mother's wish that Ellen should mingle  
much with her young friends. Mrs.  
Gray did not wish her daughter to be  
confined to her side continually; and  
she would urge her often, when Ellen  
would prefer to stay with her, to go out  
and be happy, and make others happy,  
as she shared the pleasures of society.—  
But home was the dearest spot to both  
mother and daughter. Neither of them  
could have been happy elsewhere, unless  
the separation was the call of duty. It  
was therefore a terrible trial to faith  
and love when the conviction slowly  
pressed itself upon the mind of both  
mother and daughter that it was necessary  
for Ellen to go abroad, and assume la-

bors and responsibilities for which she  
seemed unfitted. But it had often been  
suggested to Ellen by those to whom she  
looked for counsel, that education qual-  
ified her to give instruction to others, and  
that as a teacher she could provide a  
comfortable support for herself and her  
mother, and relieve the feeble. Mrs.  
Gray from those labors to which she was  
now more and more adequate. The  
thought of thus contributing to the com-  
fort of her mother was enough to rouse  
the soul of this ardent girl to any sacri-  
fice. She would undertake any thing to  
make life's path smoother and life's load  
lighter for the mother she loved; and the  
only inquiry now to be made was, where  
to find a situation in which to engage as  
a teacher. She first sought in her own  
neighborhood for a school, but none  
could be found that was not already sup-  
plied; and then the city was visited by  
the minister of the parish, who took a  
lively interest in the family, and an effort  
was made to obtain employment in one  
of the many schools in the great metropo-  
lis. Nothing being met with that an-  
swered the desired purpose, the worthy  
minister was advised to advertise in the  
newspapers for a situation, and he yield-  
ed to the suggestion.

It was represented to him that there  
was a great demand for female teachers  
at the South, and if the young lady in  
whom he was interested, was willing to  
go thither and take the charge of chil-  
dren in a private family, she could find  
a situation pleasant and far less laborious  
than the care of a school. The advertise-  
ment soon appeared in the usual form,  
and the result was, that in less than a  
month Mr. Jones had several applications  
for the young lady, all of them from the  
South; and the most eligible being se-  
lected, it was determined that she should  
accept it, and as soon as suitable oppor-  
tunity should offer, that Ellen Gray  
should go, and enter upon her new rela-  
tions in a distant part of the land.

It would be useless to speak of the  
painfulness of that parting. Ellen had  
the strong support of one who feels that  
she is doing right; it was filial piety—  
a daughter's love that led her to make  
the sacrifices involved; and great they  
certainly were. But the mother how  
could she sustain the trial? There were  
kind friends who promised to be still  
kinder, and Ellen whispered that she  
would return at the end of a year; and  
a few years of service in her new voca-  
tion would give them the means of living  
always together, in more ease and com-  
fort than they had enjoyed before.

She went. It was a new world and  
a strange world, and a world she did not  
love, on which Ellen entered when the  
low but spacious mansion of a southern  
planter became the scene of her labors.  
Her new friends were kind in their way,  
and did what they thought was enough  
to make their governess happy. But what  
did they know of the means to make El-  
len Gray happy. It was love that Ellen  
wanted; and in the luxuries with which  
she was surrounded, and to which she  
had never been accustomed in her own  
cherished home, she sighed often and  
deeply for the hills and the hearts she  
had left in the frozen north.

Her charge was that of two girls,  
twelve and nine years old, and they were  
delighted with their new teacher.

They hated the cross French governess,  
who had tormented them with her music  
and parley rous, and it was joy to them  
to have so sweet tempered and lovely a  
girl as Ellen Gray to be their companion  
and guide. Months, a few months,  
passed wearily by, and the sense of lone-  
liness were slightly away, when George  
Douglass, the son of Mr. Douglass, in  
whose family Ellen was now domestica-  
ted, was announced upon his return from  
college. It was nothing strange that he  
should be smitten with the winning loveli-  
ness of this new inmate of his father's  
house, and that he should wonder that  
one so gifted with beauty and wit should  
be compelled to toil in the drudgery of  
teaching among strangers.

It will give a sad turn to this story, and  
one that I would not give to it, if it were  
not to record the dangers of youth and  
innocence, to say that George Douglass,  
at college had not been cured of the  
vices contracted in still earlier years.—  
Years of unbridled indulgence, away  
from home had only served to pamper his  
depraved appetites and inflame his heart;  
while the associations and pursuits of  
his educational course had expanded his  
mind, improved his manners and made  
him a more attractive and dangerous  
companion. He came home to be ad-  
mired, caressed, and courted; the pride  
of parents who had spoiled him in child-  
hood, who were blind to his faults, and  
praised him for those dashing and prodi-  
gal habits that made him offensive to  
others. But this was the character in  
which he appeared before the world.—  
He had not been at home a week before  
he learned that Ellen Gray was a lover-  
ly woman than he had ever trifled with;  
and her modest worth, while it com-  
manded his respect assured him that if he

would win her regard, he must appear  
to be all that he was not, and conceal all  
that he was.

Among the young men at the north,  
and in the retired country parish where  
Ellen had lived, who looked upon the  
fair girl with admiration, there was not  
one who ventured to think of her as with-  
in his reach. Her purity, dignity, and  
grace shed a lustre over her character,  
which dazzled the eye, and rendered her  
the object of a lofty worship. None had  
ever approached her with a word of flattery,  
or whispered in her ear the tale of  
secret love. This was the lesson she  
first learned from George Douglass. It  
was his artful tongue that first told her  
of her beauty, that, he said, had stolen  
his heart, and his voice first breathed the  
words of love into her unsuspecting  
ear.

Yet well did George Douglass know  
that Ellen Gray would not, with the con-  
sent of his parents, ever be his wife; nor  
did he seek her as his own choice. A  
poor, portionless governess was not the  
girl for the proud youth with a planta-  
tion and three or four hundred slaves in  
prospect. But he whispered love in El-  
len's ear, and the sound was new to her,  
and fell on her heart, and she loved him  
and gave her heart to him. She believed  
him; and as she had never been deceived,  
she knew not the wickedness of the  
world, nor the dangers that lay in her  
path.

George told her that his parents were  
opposed to their plan; and his mother  
soon gave the trembling Ellen to under-  
stand, that if she had any designs upon  
her son she would soon leave the house.  
Ellen assured the proud mother that she  
had no designs upon her son; he had told  
her that he loved her, and she loved him  
in return; but rather than interfere with  
his happiness or the peace of his family,  
she would return to her own home in the  
far north, and George should be to her  
as if he had never known her.

This was the first impulse of the gene-  
rous heart of Ellen Gray. Yet she did  
not know herself; she did not know how  
strong were the ties that already bound  
her to the first and only heart that she had  
ever loved; and when George proposed  
to her that night that they should fly to  
the nearest city, and be married privately  
assuring her that when it was once set-  
tled his parents would yield and be satisfi-  
ed, the confiding girl gave her ready con-  
sent, and in an evil hour committed her  
happiness for life to the tender mercies  
of a villain.

It was a mere trick of the wretch to  
get her into his power. The marriage  
was a sham, in which one of his college  
companions impudently personated the  
man of God; and after a few weeks of  
travel, in which Ellen began to discover  
the vices of one whom she had suppos-  
ed to be stainless as herself, George made  
an excuse to leave her while he should go  
home and seek the forgiveness of his pa-  
rents, and effect a reconciliation. \* \* \*

She never saw him again. Deserted  
in a strange city, and left in absolute  
want, she woke to the comprehension of  
the awful deception which had been prac-  
tised upon her, and she sank under the  
discovery. Nor would she seek comfort  
from friends of whose love she might be  
sure, in the village of her childhood.—  
She thought of the mother whom she  
loved as no child but Ellen Gray could  
love, and burning tears of penitence and  
shame fell in streams at the memory of  
those days of peace and bliss when she  
was a happy girl in her mother's cot-  
tage, to come back never to the lone,  
crushed heart of the deserted one in a  
friendless land.

Poor Ellen Gray! What has become  
of thee I know not. The gray hairs of  
thy mother are rapidly going down with  
sorrow to the grave. The letter to the  
minister of thy ruin, was gently commu-  
nicated to thy mother, and the blessedness  
of the grace of God in sustaining the  
heart under the bitterest cup that was  
ever put to a mother's lip, was never  
more sweetly displayed than in enabling  
her to bear up under that dreadful blow.

Ellen is probably ere this in some Pot-  
ter's field, in the grave of an outcast!

What is the use of telling such a tale  
as this? The answer is easy, if any one  
is foolish enough to ask it. It illustrates  
the deceitfulness of the human heart, the  
dangers to which unsuspecting innocen-  
ce is exposed, especially where the  
affections are liable to be trifled with.—  
This is not the only instance which has  
come to the writer's knowledge of cruel  
deception and ruin under similar circum-  
stances, and he writes it for the good of  
those who may read. Let him that is  
wise consider.

**FATAL ACCIDENT.**—A son of Caleb  
Lippincott, of Manchester, Salem Co.,  
N. J., on Thursday last, was cut above  
the knee by a scythe which a black boy  
who was in his company, was swinging  
in play, and the femoral artery severed  
so that he bled to death during the  
night.

**THE DISPUTED CHILD.**—The Quebec  
Mercury gives the decision of the court  
of queen's bench in the case of the young  
girl claimed by Mr. and Mrs. Kingsman  
as their long lost daughter and recently  
found in the keeping of an Indian woman,  
known as Louisa Kelly. The Indian  
woman returned to the writ of habeas  
corpus "that she had not the body of Anne  
Kingsman, but that she had living with  
her a white child named Isabella M'Cague  
which child she obtained from the rela-  
tions of the father of the said child,  
John M'Cague, in 1833—that the said  
child had since 1833 lived with her as  
her adopted daughter, and was now pre-  
sent with her in court." Kingsman's counsel  
declared that he traversed the return.  
After the counsel on both sides were  
heard, the Hon. Edward Bowen, the  
presiding judge pronounced the judge-  
ment, declaring it clearly established that  
the child now living with the Indian  
woman was not Anne Kingsman, but the  
daughter of M'Cague, and held that the  
said child should not be taken from the  
Indian woman, but allowed to continue  
with her. The squaw was then placed  
under the charge of the Sheriff, upon  
the accusation of having kidnapped  
Kingsman's child; which charge, from  
the decision above mentioned, we should  
infer will fall to the ground.

The court was greatly crowded during  
this trial, and the greatest interest mani-  
fested in the issue of the case. Mr. and  
Mrs. Kingsman were in court, and the  
latter when leaving appeared to be deep-  
ly affected by the decision of the judges.  
N. Y. Com. Adv.

**HAY.**—Mr. Harrison Bacon, of Barre,  
says the Gazette, has cut this year on a  
lot of six acres, twenty tons of hay—three  
and one third tons to the acre. On an-  
other lot of eleven acres, about thirty  
tons are cut. Mr. Bacon cuts this year  
from 120 to 130 tons of hay of the best  
quality. This at the present market price  
is worth not less than \$1500—much bet-  
ter business at farming than raising corn  
at the West, at from one shilling to 25  
cents per bushel, or pork at three and  
four cents, or wheat at forty and fifty  
cents.

**THE PILLORY.**—Two men, named  
Musselman and Marks, underwent the  
punishment of the pillory in Charleston,  
S. C., a short time since, for some petty  
crime. The Evening News of that city  
very justly remarks:—

"It was a punishment disgusting to  
the spectators, and disgraceful to the age  
and the country. The prisoners remain-  
ed in the frame about half an hour, ex-  
posed to the view of about 500 white  
persons and three times that number of  
negroes. It is twenty years since this  
punishment has been inflicted in Charle-  
ston, and having been again revived, we  
trust it is only to receive its death blow  
from our Legislature at its next session."

**Contagion of the potatoe Disease.**—It  
is stated in the Gardeners' Chronicle that  
the potatoe disease, or one apparently  
identical with it, has broken out and  
"assumed a putrid virulent form" among  
the yams in Jamaica.

**TREASON!**—A letter writer from Ma-  
tamoros suggests, that dentists visit the  
fields of Palo Alto and Resaca de la  
Palma, for the very fine teeth of the Mex-  
ican dead.

**MANIAC FREAKS.**—The Brooklyn Ad-  
vertiser says that in the Lunatic Asylum  
of this city, there are many remarkable  
cases of individuals whose strange con-  
ceits of who and what they are, like  
those of the inmates of similar establish-  
ments, induce a feeling of sadness at  
their unhappy condition. Amongst the  
more common cases, there is a female  
whose mind is continually occupied with  
the idea that some distinguished personage  
would shortly claim her as a bride, and  
another, (forty years old,) in daily ex-  
pectation that some one is coming to elope  
with her; amongst the more extraordinary  
cases, there is a girl, sixteen years old,  
who dances continually. From the awk-  
wardness of her locomotive carriage she  
was known (on the principle of *lucus a  
non lucendo*) by the sobriquet of "Fanny  
Elliser." She would exhibit her antics  
about the room in exceeding great glee;  
run a short distance and leap over the  
large epitaphs, with all the grace of an  
animated log of wood, all the while nearly  
bursting with laughter. A poor raving  
young woman employs herself in taking  
to some imaginary person behind the door  
whom she exhorts to speak louder be-  
cause she cannot hear him. A male  
patient fancies himself a whip lash and  
keep incessantly cracking himself on  
the approach of the other patients, and  
another was in continual fear of assassi-  
nation, and has to be furnished every  
morning with a written protection, which  
he shows to every body.

During the month of May, nine vessels  
sailed from Rio Janeiro for Baltimore,  
with 27,950 bags of Coffee.



## Late Foreign Intelligence.

### Arrival of the Hibernia.

11 Days Later from ENGLAND.

The British mail steamship Hibernia, Captain Rycie, arrived at Boston, on Monday, from Halifax and Liverpool.—By her Liverpool papers to the day of sailing, London to July 18th, and Paris to July 16th, have been received. She brought 21 passengers from Liverpool to Halifax, 62 from Liverpool to Boston, and 10 from Halifax to Boston.

The Hibernia brings out the ratified Oregon Treaty to our Government. The ratifications of the two governments were exchanged on the 17th ult. at the Foreign Office in London, and the announcement of the fact was made in the House of Lords by the Marquis of Lansdowne, and in the House of Commons by Lord Palmerston, on the same evening, and the copy of the treaty to be forwarded to this government, was carried to Liverpool by Mr McLane himself, who was about to make a short visit to that city.

Sir Nicholas Conyngham Tindal, Chief Justice of the Common Pleas, died on the 6th ult., in the 70th year of his age. He is succeeded by Sir Thomas Wilde, who was to have been the new Attorney General, instead of by Sir Frederick Tresinger, who was the Attorney General under the last administration, and would have become Chief Justice if this death had occurred ten days sooner. Mr Jarvis becomes Attorney General, and Mr Dundas, Solicitor General, by this transfer, and Sir David Le Marchant takes the place of Sir Thomas Wilde as member from Worcester in the House of Commons.

Business relations present no features of peculiar interest. The following is from the commercial summary of the European Times:

The Cotton market is firm, with a good steady business, and prices have an upward tendency. The latest arrivals from the United States show that the last crop will not exceed 2,100,000 bales, and that the prospects of the crop for the present year, owing to the lateness of the spring, are not particularly promising.

The American Provision market as regards Beef, has been in a quiescent state, with drooping prices. The inferior sorts have given way to the greatest extent; the better kinds have been tolerably firm. The demand for Pork has been limited, and the price has receded a trifle. The market is bare of fine Cheese which would secure a good return; inferior qualities go off heavily at lower rates.

Rumors prevail that the potatoe disease of last year is doing the work of destruction on the growing crops. The same reports reach us from Ireland.

The new Ministry has got fairly installed, and the business of Parliament was again going on. The London Chronicle says:—In the House of Commons (on the 13th) a number of the leading Ministers took the oaths and their seats.—Amongst them were Lord John Russell, Lord Palmerston, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, (Mr. Charles Wood), Mr. Labouchere, and others.

The aspect of the House was somewhat curious, and a little puzzling. The benches behind the Treasury bench were filled by those members who have hitherto constituted what Mr. Tierney termed "Her Majesty's Opposition," and they exhibited an apparently powerful ministerial array. Amongst them were individuals whose names are familiar as steady supporters of Liberal opinions, as Mr. Hume, Mr. Williams, Mr. Ewart, Mr. Christie, Sir John Easthope, Mr. Thorneley, Mr. Bannerman, Mr. Brotherton, and so forth. Below the gangway, those members who have been conspicuous as defenders of "Protection to native industry," occupied their usual places.

Sir R. H. Inglis, Lord George Bentinck, Mr. Disraeli, and their friends all appearing "unmoved" by the great change which has taken place. On the front opposition benches appeared Sir J. Graham, Mr. Goulburn, the Earl of Lincoln, &c., Sir R. Peel not being present. The members immediately behind the front opposition bench were those who usually supported the late Government; but below the "gangway," on the opposition side, facing the Protectionist party, there were indications of what might be considered the nucleus of a fourth party. At all events, whether by accident or design, there appeared on that side of the house, sitting together, Mr. Wakley, Mr. Spooner, Mr. Thomas Duncombe, Mr. Bicham Escott, Mr. Collett (Athlone), Mr. Bernal Osborne, and other members whose politics have not been considered, at least in former times, to harmonize.

Steamboat accident on the St. Lawrence.—At midnight, on the 29th of July the steamer Rowland Hill, from Montreal when near Three Rivers, came in collision with the steamer Quebec for Montreal. The Rowland Hill was completely disabled, and float off into the River a hopeless wreck.

Two men were killed by the collision, and it was feared many were drowned, but how many could not be ascertained. The Rowland Hill was racing with the Lord Sydenham, an opposition boat.

Two little sons of Mr. John Jeffrey, a Welsh minister, were drowned at Pittsburgh on Thursday last.

A merchant ship of 460 tons burthen, called the Palo Alto, was launched in Philadelphia on Friday.

## 29th CONGRESS.

### First Session.

THURSDAY, July 30, 1846.

SENATE.—The Land Graduation bill was taken up, and Mr Simmons of R. I., submitted an amendment thereto; after which the bill was postponed till to-morrow.

The resolution relating the prices and manner of executing the public printing was debated at some length and passed 28 to 13.

The Sub-Treasury bill was debated by Messrs Allen, Benton, Calhoun, Webster, Lewis, Speight, R. Johnson and others.

Mr Allen spoke at some length against the amendment, and exposed its design, which was for an issue of paper money by the Government without limit, to an extent short of the whole amount of the disbursements of the Treasury. Mr Lewis said that if the amendment was not adopted, the operations of the bill would be very much crippled, and the Treasury greatly embarrassed.

Mr Benton denounced the amendment, which he said was attempted to be smuggled in, as one of the grossest abuses ever attempted in this country.

Finally, the amendment authorizing the circulation of Treasury drafts was rejected—40 to 12.

An amendment requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to publish the amount of specie at the several places of deposit—the amount of Treasury notes or drafts issued, and the amount outstanding, at the close of every month, was adopted.—Several other slight amendments were agreed to, and the bill was then ordered to a third reading.

House.—The Post Office bill was taken up, and Mr Hopkins moved a substitute for the whole bill; which was superseded by another motion to lay the whole subject on the table. The question on this motion was decided in the negative, yeas 86, nays 97. A motion to amend so as to advertise Post Office letters in such newspapers as the Postmasters may select, was rejected—yeas 84, nays 90.

Mr Hopkins' substitute for the bill, providing for an increase of postage, was then put to vote, and rejected, yeas 81, nays 96. A motion to reconsider this vote, was laid on the table, 94 to 84, and the bill was then laid aside.

The bill to refund duties on tonnage of Spanish vessels in certain cases was taken up in Committee, agreed to, and laid aside, to be reported to the House for passage.

The French Spoliation bill was advocated by Mr Giles, and opposed by Mr Thurman.

FRIDAY, July 31, 1846.

SENATE.—The bill to surrender certain lands to the States for the purpose of endowing State Colleges, was taken up, and passed.

Mr Breese from the Committee on Public Lands, made a report, accompanied by a bill, granting to Asa Whitney and his associates for the construction of a Rail Road to Oregon, all the public lands within thirty miles each side of it; and asked that they may be printed.

Mr Benton expressed his astonishment that a project so ridiculous should have found its way to the Senate. He should not be surprised, after this, he said, if individuals should offer to administer the Government for a stipulated sum annually, and to see the proposition entertained.

Mr Breese defended the project as one of vast importance, on which the Committee had reported unanimously. Messrs Chalmers, Woodbridge, and Morehead, were also in favor of printing the report for information.

Mr Benton proposed to introduce a large map made by Mr Fremont, which would show the road to be impracticable. He moved to lay the whole subject on the table. The Senate refused to lay it on the table, and ordered the report printed.

The Texas Navy Bill, was advocated at length by Mr Houston, appealing to the Senate to redeem the pledge given in the act of annexation, and demanding on the part of Texas as a right, and not as a favor.

Messrs Rusk, Calhoun and Yulee, followed on the same side, and the bill was opposed by Messrs Huntington, Breese, Fairfield, and Dickinson, and then indefinitely postponed.—31 to 18.

The Sub-Treasury bill was then taken up, the question being on its final passage Mr Lewis made a personal explanation of the grounds upon which he had advocated the bill, and denied that the effect of the bill would be to authorize the circulation of Treasury drafts to an unlimited amount.

Mr Evans spoke at length against the bill, as wholly unnecessary, inoperative, and inexpedient.

Mr Webster obtained the floor for to-morrow; and after a brief consideration of the Navy Appropriation bill, and the adoption of some amendments, the Senate adjourned.

House.—The Warehousing bill was taken up, and Mr Hilliard defined his position on the Tariff question. He was for a medium course of policy and would go for a Tariff that should be as it ought, he said, strictly a financial measure, apart from politics.

Mr Truman Smith replied with some warmth and severity; and after some further remarks by Mr Bailey, and Mr Hayne, with reference to the Tariff, Mr Stewart obtained the floor, and made an animated speech in favor of the protective policy; when the Committee rose and the House adjourned.

TUESDAY, August 4, 1846.

SENATE.—The bill to repeal the duty on Iron in certain cases, was taken up. Mr Dickinson moved to amend it so as to permit all railroad companies to import their iron free of duty.

After debate in which Messrs Evans, Dayton, Cameron, J. M. Clayton, Allen,

SATURDAY, August 1, 1846.

SENATE.—Mr Benton from the committee of reference on the Army Appropriation Bill, reported that they met the committee of the House, and were unable to agree. He moved that the Senate insist upon its own amendments, and upon its disagreement to those of the House, which was agreed to.

The bill to define the boundaries of Iowa was taken up and passed.

The bill to sell mineral lands on Lake Superior, including Isle Royal and other islands on Lake Superior was taken up and passed.

The Sub-Treasury bill was next taken up.

Mr Webster discussed the Sub-Treasury system, and pointed out the evil consequences which he said would result if that measure should go into operation.

The debate was continued by Messrs Niles, Speight and Calhoun, in favor of the bill, and Messrs Evans, Simmons, Miller, and Crittenden, against it. The bill was then read a third time and passed. Yeas 28, nays 24.

The Navy Appropriation bill was then taken up, on the subject of dry docks.—All amendments proposed, were rejected, and the section changing the appropriation for a navy yard at Memphis, so as to build a rope walk instead, was stricken out, and the bill ordered to a third reading.

House.—A resolution was adopted to stop the debate on the Warehousing bill at 12 o'clock this day.

The House then resolved itself into Committee of the Whole, Mr Hopkins in the chair, and resumed the consideration of said bill.

Mr Chapman of Md. addressed the Committee for an hour against the bill, and against the Tariff act.

Mr McClelland of Michigan spoke in favor of, and explained the bill and its bearings.

Mr McClean of Penn., proposed to amend, by imposing certain specific duties on iron and coal.

Mr Ashman moved to amend the amendment, so as to repeal the new tariff act. Lost, yeas 64, nays 86.

Mr McClelland's amendment was lost.—Others were put and lost. The Committee rose, and reported the bill to the House without amendments.

The previous question was ordered. The bill was ordered to be engrossed, and read a third time—yeas 117, nays 52.

The bill was then read a third time and passed.

Then, after some unsuccessful motions the House adjourned.

MONDAY, August 3, 1846.

SENATE.—A communication was received from the Treasury Department relative to the alleged frauds in the importation of syrups, which was ordered to be printed.

A bill from the House to repeal act 3d March, 1843, for relief of Stockbridge Indians, was taken up and passed.

Mr Huntington offered a resolution which was adopted, directing the Secretary of the Treasury to report at next session, a statement of exports to Santa Fe, &c.

The Judiciary Committee reported the bill from the House to protect the rights of American citizens in Oregon, with an amendment. The amendment of the House to the title of the Warehousing bill was agreed to. The amendment of the House to the bill for payment of stolen Treasury notes was disagreed to on the ground that it would open the door to frauds.

A new Committee of Conference was ordered on the Army appropriation bill. The bill to reduce and graduate the price of public lands was then taken up, and after some discussion the amendment of the House was amended and then agreed to.

The Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill was then taken up, and a large number of amendments reported from the finance committee were considered and adopted, several amendments from other sources remaining to be acted upon.

The Senate at 5 o'clock went into Executive Session, and soon after adjourned.

House.—The President's veto message on the River and Harbor bill was received and read. His predecessors had vetoed similar bills—they had given sufficient reasons for so doing. He would add but a few.

He says the power to make such appropriations as are contained in the River and Harbor bill, is both unconstitutional and inexpedient. He argues the question at length, recounts the evils that would follow the carrying out of the principles of the bill, and from constitutional objections there are others; the bill appropriates between one and two millions of money wanted to carry on the war.

The Speaker now put the question, Shall this bill become a law, the President's objections to the contrary notwithstanding?

Mr Boyd moved the previous question. Not sustained: yeas 86, nays 105.

After a long discussion Mr Bailey got the floor when on motion, the House adjourned.

TUESDAY, August 4, 1846.

SENATE.—The bill to repeal the duty on Iron in certain cases, was taken up. Mr Dickinson moved to amend it so as to permit all railroad companies to import their iron free of duty.

After debate in which Messrs Evans, Dayton, Cameron, J. M. Clayton, Allen,

Chalmers, Berrien, Atherton, and others participated, a motion to lay the bill on the table was rejected—yeas 20, nays 26.

Mr Dickinson's amendment was then rejected.

Several amendments were adopted, and the bill ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, yeas 24, nays 21.

The Civil and Diplomatic bill was taken up. Mr Benton substituted to pay claimants the two installments of Mexican indemnity, due in April and July, 1844, and alleged to have been paid by Meauvoux to the American Agent.

Mr Benton defended it and explained the speculation entered into by the American agent in reference to the instalment by which he and his associates, one of whom is suspected to be his brother-in-law—Senor Trigoures, Secretary of the Mexican Treasury—were to pocket \$105,000.

Mr Evans did not consider the amendment necessary. If the Mexican government had paid the money to our agent there was now a law authorizing the President to pay it over; if Mexico had not paid it, there was no obligation on the part of our Government to pay it.

The amendment was rejected.

Other slight amendments were agreed to, and the bill postponed until to-morrow.

The Senate then went into Executive Session, and after some time adjourned.

House.—The House took up the vetoed Harbor Bill, and upon the question, shall it pass? there were yeas 95, nays 91—not two thirds, and so the bill is lost.

The French Spoliation bill has now passed both houses of Congress.

Mr Thurman resumed and concluded his speech against said bill.

Mr McClelland read a statement respecting the surrender of Detroit, in view of an amendment which he proposed to offer.

Mr Bowlin spoke against the bill.

Mr Cobb followed in a flaming speech on the same side.

The debate closed and amendments considered.

Many amendments were offered and rejected and the bill ordered to be engrossed for third reading, by 93 yeas to 88 nays. It then passed on third reading by yeas 94, nays 87.

WEDNESDAY, August 5, 1846.

SENATE.—On motion of Mr Breese, the usual extra compensation was directed to be paid to the officers and clerks of the Senate.

A bill to remit the duties on railroad iron in certain cases, was read a third time and passed. Yeas 26, nays 20.

A bill for the admission of Wisconsin into the Union was taken up and passed.

The Civil and Diplomatic Appropriation Bill was then taken up, and a large number of amendments were adopted.

After the adoption of sundry amendments the bill was passed.

The West Point appropriation bill was then taken up and passed.

The Senate then went into Executive Session, and afterwards adjourned.

House.—The Speaker announced that the title to the French spoliation bill had not been passed yesterday, when the previous question was ordered on said bill, consequently the title had yet to be agreed to; the title of the bill was thereupon agreed to; and the bill was sent to the Senate as it came from that body.

Mr McKay reported the Navy bill from the Senate, which was referred to the Committee of the Whole.

The Land Graduation bill with amendments of the Senate, was next taken up.

Mr Smith, of Ill., moved that the Senate amendments be concurred in, and called the previous question.

A call of the House was moved, and rejected by a large majority.

Mr Broadhead moved to lay the bill on the table, and called for the yeas and nays. Carried, yeas 104, nays 79.—Thus the bill was rejected.

The House next took up the Sub-Treasury bill, with Senate amendments.

Mr Ashmun moved to lay the whole on the table. Lost, yeas 66, nays 125.

Mr McKay offered an amendment to extend the special clause to April next, instead of January, and called for the previous question, which was seconded.

The vote on his amendment stood, yeas 78, nays 101. Rejected. Without finishing the bill, the House took up the railroad iron bill from the Senate.

Mr Stephen Adams moved to lay it on the table, on which the yeas and nays were taken; yeas 131, nays 49. So the bill was laid on the table.

The House went into Committee, Mr McLelland in the chair, and took up the navy appropriation bill, with Senate amendments, and after some time spent in considering said amendments, and offering others, the Committee rose for want of a quorum, and the House adjourned.

## By the Mail.

FROM THE CAMP.—We understand that thirteen small steamers have ascended the Rio Grande, and arrived at Matamoros, for the transportation of General Taylor's troops; and that four more are expected—two from Charleston and two others from Philadelphia. A letter from Mr. Whiting to the Quartermaster General, in this city, has just been received from Matamoros, dated July 17, which says:—"One of the boats which went up to Camargo, returned this day. She reached there without much difficulty—not more than is encountered below this. The troops on board of her took quiet possession."—Washington Union.

We understand by a gentleman direct from Fort Leavenworth, says an exchange, that on the night of the 15th of July, a lady, the wife of a United States officer, gave birth to three fine boys, all doing well, when our informant left.

TROOPS FOR CHIHUAHUA.—The New Orleans Delta of the 25th says:—"Capt. Washington, of the U. S. Artillery, as he passed by Victoria, on the 19th inst., furnished the editor of the Sentinel a statement of the force which is destined to proceed via San Antonio de Bexar to Chihuahua, and part of which were on their way with him. The force will be constituted as follows:—

Light Company 4th Artillery,	112 men
2 Companies 6th Reg. Infantry,	200 "
Squad 2d Regiment Dragoons,	150 "
2 Regiments Illinois Infantry,	1554 "
1 Regiment Arkansas Horse,	777 "
1 Battalion Arkansas Foot,	388 "
1 Regiment Texas Horse,	777 "
1 Regiment Texas Foot,	777 "
Total,	4705 men.

"This force constitutes an independent command, which will be under General Butler. It is destined to strike into the Province of Chihuahua, between Santa Fe and General Taylor's position; and it will no doubt intercept the retreat of the forces which will fall back from General Kearney, at Santa Fe. It will take the Santa Fe route to Mexico, and there co-operate with Gen. Taylor. Its route is through the most healthy and richest parts of Northern Mexico, and under such a leader as Gen. Butler, the brightest laurels may be expected to crown the expedition."

LATER FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.—The steamboat Fashion arrived at New Orleans on the 25th ult., from Brazos Santiago.

She reports that there was a general movement of the troops up the Rio Grande General Taylor remaining at Matamoros, sending the troops forward as fast as the means of transportation would permit.

Advises had arrived of the taking of Comingo by the U. S. troops, without the slightest resistance on the part of the Mexicans, General Carrabaji being on the opposite side of the river, San Juan at the time.

General Taylor had received advices by scouts, that there were only about 300 Mexican soldiers at Monterey, and the general impression was that there would be no opposition offered to the U. S. troops this side of that place.

On account of the quietude of the enemy, the impression is gaining ground in the army that negotiations for peace were about being tendered to this government.

There was a report that Mr. Lumsden (of the N. O. Picayune) and his party had been cut off by the Indians, but it was not generally credited.

With the exception of some cases of diarrhoea among the volunteers, the army was in a healthy condition.

Arrival of Gen. Wool at New Orleans.—The steamboat Convey arrived last evening from Alton, Illinois, having on board Brig. Gen. Wool and Lieutenants McDonald and Kingsbury, his aids, and seven companies of the 24th regiment Illinois Volunteers, numbering 620 men, rank and file, commanded by Col. W. H. Bissell.

The steamboat Missouri also arrived last evening, having on board Col. J. J. Hardin, Lieut. Col. J. L. D. Morrison, and three companies 2d Regiment Illinois Volunteers, 243 men, rank and file, four companies of the 1st Regiment, 243 men, rank and file, with all the officers of the staff of both regiments.

The remainder of the 1st regiment will arrive in the Hannibal in the course of to-day or to-morrow. These troops are all destined for San Antonio de Bexar.

Picayune, 24th ult.

ACCIDENT.—A son of Col. Stockton a fine boy of about four years of age, was killed on Monday afternoon by the falling of a wall in the yard of Mrs. Douthitt, Federal st. The house occupied by this lady is a double one, the yards of which were separated by a brick wall. To gain access from one to the other, a portion of the wall next to the house had been removed, but no prop was put to sustain it. The boy was playing on one side of it at the time attended by his nurse. Whilst leaning against it she felt it move, and instantly took hold of the child's hand to lead it away, but before she could get out of danger it fell upon him, smashing one side of his head and causing instant death.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

CIRCUMSTANCES.—The proprietor of Swaim's Panacea, who made a large fortune by the sale of his medicine, was a poor book binder, and found the receipt in the fly leaf of an old book.

John Reeves, the Irish comedian, was stabbed to the heart and killed in the theatre at Cincinnati on Tuesday night by a man named Cook.

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PENSACOLA, July 26.

The U. S. frigate Raritan, Commodore Gregory, arrived here yesterday from Vera Cruz, which place she left on the 16th instant, bringing two days later advices than those by the Princeton.

The papers say that in consequence of the Oregon treaty, the Mexican people are called on to make increased efforts to save their country from the rapacity of the robbers of the Del Norte. They remind the Mexicans of the manner in which the French were driven out of Spain, after Madrid and the cities of the country were in possession of the enemy. This was done by guerilla warfare, in which small parties of the enemy were murdered wherever they were found.

Parades had not left the city of Mexico. It was found impossible to raise a body of even five thousand to follow him, while it is the opinion of all well informed persons that there is nothing to prevent Gen. Taylor from marching directly to the city of Mexico. There are no troops to oppose him.

Gen. Moro, the commandant of the castle and city of Vera Cruz, who has succeeded the Vice President Bravo, has entered upon his duties. He has a body of several hundred men at work every morning on the low sand beach adjoining the castle, where he is throwing up additional breastworks. About sunset the soldiers are exercised at target firing.

The guns are mostly of large calibre, and throw shot to a great distance. The American squadron is anchored under Green Island.

Commodore W. B. Shubrick has resigned the command of the navy yard at Washington, and is about to proceed to the Pacific, to command the U. S. navy in that quarter. Commander Dornia is now in command of the Washington navy yard.

MOB AT COLUMBIA, ARK.—The following is from the Little Rock Gazette, of the 13th ult.:

More than a year ago, in Chicot county, where the slave population far exceeds that of the white, on the plantation of Col. Walworth, a rich planter, the overseer was found murdered in a field—having received two stabs in the back, and a wound in the hinder part of the head.

William, a slave, was charged with the crime, and tried at the ensuing circuit court, which came on in the fall. The evidence left no doubt of his guilt in the minds of reasonable men, yet, strange to say, the jury did not agree. He was remanded to jail to await his trial at the spring term; it came on, and he was found guilty of murder in the first degree.

His counsel, who had been employed by his master to make the best defence for him of which they were capable, moved for a new trial, and obtained it on the ground that as the overseer was killed in a fight, it could not be murder in the first degree, but was only manslaughter.—He was again sent back to prison.

Many began to think that he would evade the punishment of death, if he did not escape altogether; and, put the matter beyond a doubt, in an evil moment they resolved to take this execution into their own hands. It is needless to add, that the fears of his eventual release were heightened by reflecting how mischievous would be the example, in that county, of a slave's successful resistance of his overseer or master.

On the 4th of July, a mob repaired to the jail, at Columbia, cut down the door, notwithstanding the remonstrance and resistance of the sheriff, entered the prison and forcibly took the prisoner, led him forth with a halter round his neck, and in cold blood hung him to a tree within 100 yards of the jail; and thus have the laws of the land been violated, murder committed, and our political sub-bath desecrated.

A YONG CAIN.—A little boy in Abbeville, S. C., the son of a Widow Fife, about six or seven years of age, a few days since, killed his brother, aged about three months, whilst their mother was absent on an errand to a neighbor. We learn from the Banner that:—"Upon returning, the child was missing, and after searching for it, was found laid away among some bushes near the yard, with its head gashed in two or three places. The boy, when interrogated upon the subject, replied that the child had fallen out of the door, and in going out of the door himself, he accidentally let an axe fall upon it that he was holding in his hand. Although there is no positive evidence to prove him guilty of intentional murder, yet the jury of inquest were unanimous in the opinion that such were his intentions."



THE NEWPORT MERCURY.
Newport.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 8, 1846

SUMMER VISITORS.—Our Hotels and Boarding Houses have filled rapidly during the week; it is supposed nearly a thousand strangers have arrived here within a few days, but such has been the increase of accommodation since the last season, that there is still ample room.

SARATOGA the present season has not been as full as usual.

FRENCH CLAIMS.—By reference to our Congressional Journal it will be seen that the bill for indemnifying the claimants for French Spoliations previous to 1800, has at length passed both Houses. It is feared the President will refuse to sign the bill. There are claims to a large amount in this town.

THE YACHTS.—The fleet of Yachts mentioned in our last, arrived here on Saturday afternoon and came to anchor in front of the town. They have since been joined by the Boston Yachts—the whole forming a squadron of eighteen under the command of Com. John C. Stevens.

On Monday the New York Yacht Siren, Dr. Miller, sailed against the Boston Yacht Northern Light, owned by Col. Winchester. The boats started at about half past one P. M. the Northern Light, by arrangement, to the windward; and retained her position throughout the race, rounding the stake boat 6 m. 30 s. before the Siren, and beating her home 2 m. 42 s.

On Tuesday the Siren and Northern Light took their departure at 7 P. M., to sail dead to windward three hours and then two hours to leeward. At the expiration of two hours the Northern Light drew her Jib to windward, pulled down her flag and gave in—having been beaten 20 minutes in 2 hours and 4 minutes. The Siren was sailed by vice Commodore Wilkes.

The squadron yesterday proceeded up the river. They are expected to remain here two or three weeks.

The squadron consists of the following vessels:—

Table with 2 columns: Name of vessel, Name of Captain. Includes Maria, of New York, Com. J. C. Stevens; Lacquette, do Captain Jay; Sibyle, do " Miller; Cygnet, do " Saydam; Gimcrack, do " Stevens; Mist, do " Depau; Lancelot, do " Roland; Spray, do " Wilkes; Syren, do " Comstock; Nina, do " Cole; Ann Maria, do " Clarke; Dream, do " Graham; Vinard, of Edgartown, " Winches; Neth'n Light, of Boston, " Parsons; Brenda, do " Sears; Ianthe, of Philadelphia, " Walder; Newburgh, Newburgh, " Robinson.

ANOTHER BODY FOUND.—The body of a woman, supposed to be one of the unfortunate passengers who perished in the wreck of the Sulej, was found on the shore at Black Point in the East passage on the 1st inst., the body was so much decayed that it was interred without a legal examination.

We understand that the steamer Worcester is to make another excursion from Norwich and New London to this place on Monday next, providing it is pleasant, arriving here about 11 o'clock.

CONCERT.—Miss Julia L. Northall, and Signor de Begnis will give a concert at the OCEAN HOUSE on Tuesday evening next, and we hope they will be listened to by a large audience. They have acquired a very popular reputation by their professional excellence, and offer an excellent bill for that evening.

THE ANNIVERSARY OF BRITISH EMANCIPATION in the West Indies, was celebrated in this town by our colored population on Monday evening last, at the Masonic Hall. An elegant entertainment was provided for the occasion.

The steamboat Neptune, it is said has been sold to the U. S. Government, for \$45,000.

The degree of D. D. has been conferred by Georgetown College (Ky.) on the Rev. John O. Choules, of Roxbury, Mass.

The Carpet company at Thompsonville, Conn. have reduced the wages of their workmen twenty five per cent, in view of the effect which the new tariff will immediately have on their business.

DEATH OF GOVERNOR HOWARD.—The Hon. George Howard, late governor of Maryland, died at his residence near Baltimore, on Sunday night, of apoplexy.

ELECTIONS.—State elections were held on Monday, August 3d, in Alabama, Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois, and Missouri; and took place in North Carolina and Tennessee on Thursday, August 6th. The remaining elections this year will be held as stated below:—

Table with 2 columns: State, Date. Includes Maine, Monday, 14th; Georgia, " 5th; Arkansas, " 5th; Maryland, Wednesday, 7th; S. Carolina, Monday, 12th; Pennsylvania, Tuesday, 13th; Ohio, " 13th; Mississippi, Monday, November 2d; Michigan, " 2d; New York, Tuesday, 3d; New Jersey, " 3d; Massachusetts, Monday, 9th; Delaware, Tuesday, 10th.

Sixty-four Black fish were driven ashore at North Truro, on Sunday afternoon last, by about twenty men in eight boats. They will probably yield a barrel of oil apiece.

William Harris, a preacher, dentist, &c., was on the 17th inst. convicted by the Criminal Court at Memphis Tenn., for kidnapping a slave boy, and sentenced to the penitentiary for 5 years. The Jury were out six days before they could agree on a verdict.

FORGERY.—Fifield Esty, of Augusta, Me., has been arrested, and on examination committed to jail on the charge of forgery. The amount of spurious paper put in circulation by him is supposed to be some \$4000 or \$5000. He has been a small trader in Augusta for the last two or three years.

Mr. Wm. Hamilton, of Cradenburgh, Ky., was killed by a female slave last week. He had corrected the servant for insolence to his mother. She was then removed by him to his farm near Bradenburgh, and on his visiting it a few days after, she came upon him by stealth, and plunged a butcher knife into his side.

LARGE ROBBERY.—Messrs Curtis & Co., exchange brokers, Louisville, Ky., lost \$3000 in Indiana bank notes on the 23d ult., which were sent to them by the New Albany Bank, through Thos. Orr, a hack driver, who has absconded. They offer a reward of \$500 for the arrest of the thief and recovery of the money, or \$250 for the thief alone. He is said to be an Irishman or a Scotchman, about six feet high, square built, white hair, very red face, and about 50 years old; he is supposed to have gone to Toronto, Canada, where he has some relatives.

CAUTION.—On Friday last, a fine little boy, son of Mr. William Mitchell, at the North end of the city, drank some fly poison, which had been left on the table; he lived about four hours after drinking it. This melancholy accident should serve as a caution to all against leaving poisonous articles within the reach of children.—Providence Journal.

From the wreck of the Sulej.—An advertisement in one of the Plymouth (Mass.) papers, dated West Harwich, says that the schooner Henry, Captain Cobb, picked up, on the 29th of June, off the Sow and Pigs, three chests, one containing women's apparel, and \$45, the other two empty. The owner can have the same by applying to Anthon Kelley.

A HARD CASE.—The Boston Courier of Wednesday last, says. A gentleman was in our office yesterday, who came to Bristol, R. I. from New York, on Sunday with the expectation of being married that evening; but when he arrived at the residence of the bride, he found that the ceremony could not be performed because they had not been three times published. They then came into this state and made application to a clergyman at Dighton, and to another at Taunton, but with no better success, as our Massachusetts laws also required a "publication." They came to this city yesterday, and finding that they could not be married, even after offering to give bonds to indemnify a clergyman for all damages, and an extra fee, they took the steamboat line for New-York in the afternoon. In that city they will find no difficulty.

Bit by a Snake.—The Reading (Pa.) Press states that a little girl about 8 years of age, a daughter of Mr. Hiller, while gathering whortleberries, behind Penn's Mount, above that borough, on Friday afternoon, was bitten in the hand by a copperhead snake some 20 inches in length. Her screams brought the miners to her assistance, who found the snake fast with its fangs in the flesh of the child, which they found some difficulty in unloosing. The parts bitten commenced swelling, but speedy medical aid leaves strong hope for her recovery.

Remarkable Instance.—Mr. Stephen Talbot, who died in this town on Monday last, at the advanced age of 90 years, was born in the same house in which he died; his father was born and died in the same; his grandfather was also born in the same house. The house is one of the first that was erected in this town, and was built by Col. Berj. Church, the capturer of King Phillip, the celebrated Indian warrior. It is supposed to be about 160 years old.

Bristol R. I. Phaniz.

MANCHESTER.—The people of Manchester N. H., have voted, 184 to 485 to accept the city, charter granted by the Legislature. Manchester is but ten years old, and is now the most populous place in the State.

FREEMAN.—The New York News says this poor creature will assuredly be hanged. A writer in an exchange states that a distinguished physician from Albany, after examining Freeman to his own satisfaction, declared that he was "the veriest idiot he ever saw," scolding the idea of deceit, by very justly observing, "If his conduct is feigned, he a greater man than Talma."

Melancholy Death.—David Brooks of Rye, Westchester county, a retired merchant of New York city, was found suspended by the neck in one of the out-buildings attached to his residence, by a colored person belonging to the family, when the family were absent at church, on Sunday last.

Brighton Market, Monday, Aug. 3. Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser.

At Market, 800 Beef Cattle, (including all sold on Friday and Saturday,) 15 Cows & Calves 2200 Sheep, and 570 Swine. About 100 Beef Cattle unsold.

Purses.—Beef Cattle.—We reduce our quotations to conform to sales, viz: extra 5 50 first quality \$5 a 5 25; second 4 50 a 4 75 third 3 50 a 4 25.

Cows and Calves.—Sales at \$20, \$23, \$27, and \$33.

Sheep.—Old Sheep from 1 66 to 2 75; and several small lots 4 1 2c, more than half barrows; Old Hogs 4 1 2 and 5c. At retail from 5 to 6c.

N. B.—Several lots of Cattle are on the way from Maine for next Monday's Market.

Who can Doubt

The virtues of Jayne's Hair Tonic!

Summersville, N. J. Nov. 26, 1842. Dr. JAYNE.—Dear Sir: I send you the following certificate obtained from Mr. Gulick. I would just state that I became acquainted with him about two years ago. At that time he was entirely bald, with the exception of a lock of hair on the back part of his head, about the size of half a dollar, and that lock of hair he told me had been made to grow by the use of your Tonic; previous to which he positively averted, he had not a single hair on his head. The hair now completely covers his head, and is from four to five inches long. Very respectfully, yours, &c. P. MASOY.

Another Proof of the Efficacy of Dr. Jayne's Hair Tonic.

This will certify that I was entirely bald for about three years, when I was recommended to try Dr. Jayne's Hair Tonic. I procured two bottles of Mr. Mason, in Somerville, and using the Tonic for about fifteen months, my hair came in all over my head, and although not quite as thick as before, yet it is constantly growing. This surprising restoration of my hair has excited the astonishment of all my acquaintances, and made me an object of curiosity to many. I am now 55 years of age, and have reason to regard the inventor of this matchless Hair Tonic as a public benefactor.

JOACHIM GULICK, New Germantown, N. J. Nov. 26.

MARRIED.

In Warren, 28th ult. Mr. John Fries to Miss Jane Y. Smith, daughter of Capt. Job Smith, of this town.

In Providence, on Wednesday evening, 29th ult. by the Rev Mr. Granger, Mr. John N. Lincoln, to Miss Laura E. Pearce, both of that city.

In Providence the 31 inst. by the Rev. E. B. Hall, Rev. Cornelius George Fenner, to Miss Elizabeth C. Greene, daughter of Albert C. Greene, Esq. all of P.

In Little Compton, on the 23d ult. Mr. Lorenzo Smith, of Tiverton to Miss Lydia Louisa Ladd, of the former place.

DIED.

In this town, on Wednesday 29th ult. Mrs. Harriet Stevens, widow of the late Joseph Stevens, aged 74 years.

In this town, on Thursday last, Augusta A., youngest daughter of Wm B. Wilson, aged 5 years and 7 months.

In this town, on Monday last, Samuel Collins, (colored,) aged 56 years.

In this town, on Sunday last, Miss Mary Barlow, aged 22 years, second daughter of Mr. Lewis Barlow.

At Portsmouth on the 30th, Mrs. Cynthia Almy, wife of Mr. Job Almy, aged 48 years.—On the 31st inst. Mrs. Jemima Carr, wife of Mr. Richmond Carr, aged 65 years.—On the 4th inst. after a short and painful illness, Mr. George P. Hood, aged 98 years.

In Little Compton, very suddenly, Mr. Charles Irish, aged 83 years.

In New Bedford, on the 30th ult. Mr. William Bliss, a native of Middletown, R.I., aged 88 years. During the war of the Revolution he held a commission in the army as an ensign, and for many years previous to his death, was the grateful recipient of the bounty of the Government for his services.

In Portland, 2d inst. Jane Northam, daughter of Robert I. and Jane Robinson, aged 3 year and 6 months.

At Auburn Place, Arkansas, Mary Bolla, only daughter of the Rev. Benjamin Shaw, formerly of this town, aged 8 years.

Marine List.

Port of Newport.

ARRIVED.

SATURDAY, August 1. Sch'r Julius Fringle, Melville, fm Matapoisett; Spy, Lewis, fm Boston; Union H. Adams, Adams, fm Fall River for Baltimore; Fulcrum, fm Camden for Providence; Bell, White, fm Providence for Elizabeth City.

MONDAY, August 3. Brig William, Torrey, fm Pictou for Fall River. Sch'r Margaret, Boardman, fm Bangor for Providence. Passed up 12 M., a Herm Brig. TUESDAY, August 4. Sch'r Pacific, Elliot, fm Philadelphia; Talbot, Nicholson, fm Boston for Kingston. Sloop Monitor, Cummings, fm New York for Fall River.

Sch'r Superior, Ball, fm Kingston; Barton, Wardwell, fm Bristol for New York. Sloop Champion, Beebe, fm Roundout; Tecumseh, Ash, fm New York for Providence. WEDNESDAY, August 5. Sch'r Pawtucket, Underhill, fm Dighton for New York; Harvest, Presby, fm Taunton for New York.

Sloops Arion, Miller, fm Bristol for New York; Wm H. Bunn, Gardner, fm Providence for Hartford; J. D. Fish, Simmons, fm Fall River for Albany.

THURSDAY, August 5. Sch'r Maryland, Rich, fm Fall River for Norfolk; Benjah Watson, Browning, fm Providence for Philadelphia; Ellen, Smith, fm Providence for Swansborough. Sloop Moose Eddy, Oliven, fm Providence for New York.

FRIDAY, August 7. Sch'r Ruth Thomas, Ambury, fm Bangor; Michigan, Patterson, fm Bangor; Richmond, Gibbs, fm New Bedford for Philadelphia; Hudson, Talcott, fm Bangor. Brig Ava, Hull, fm Providence for Wisconsin.

Sch'r Home, Bills, fm Philadelphia for Dighton; William Borne, Hunt, fm New Bedford for Baltimore; Cinderella, Coleman, fm Taunton for New York; Tennessee Farmer, Wells, fm Long Island. Sloop Trader, Handy, fm Sandwich for New York.

Sloop Jane, Hall, fm Providence for Pawcatuck; West Palmouth, Bourne, fm Fall River for Fallmouth; Hudson, Winslow, fm Warren for New Bedford.

Marine Memoranda.

Arr at Montevideo, April 15, sch'r Hannah, Woodman, (3 masts) of this port, fm Corriento.

Sch'r Franklin Greene Riley, was discharged at Havana 19th inst. Spoke Dec. 21st, lat 30 S, lon 165 40 W., ship Wm. Lee, Wimpenny, of this port, 500 sp 400 wh oil.

At Gallapagos Islands May 1, ship Martha Gifford, of this port, 300 sp. oil.

At Havre 15th ult, ship Palestine, Mumford, fm Mobile, just arrived.

Sch'r Orator, Draper, arr at New Orleans, 25th. fm Brazos Santiago. CPd at New Orleans 25th, Brig General Cobb, Hammond, for this port.

PURIFY THE BLOOD.

GOODWIN'S INDIAN Sarsaparilla BITTERS, for the cure of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constiveness, Heart-Burn, Biliousness and Liver Complaints, Indigestion, Impurities of the Blood, and General Debility of the system. These inestimable Bitters were first introduced to the public about 2 years since, and so signal has been their success, and so highly are they recommended by all who have used them, that the proprietor is induced to offer them to a generous and enlightened public on a more extended scale, & at a price which renders them in the power of all to possess.

Sarsaparilla has long been known as a most efficient purifier of the blood. In these bitters its virtues extracted on the most scientific principles in a highly concentrated form, is combined with the most useful Roots and Herbs of the Vegetable Kingdom, in such a manner that acting upon the Stomach and Bowels, they produce a thorough cleansing of the system, whereby it is speedily restored to its wonted tone and vigor.

They may be taken with perfect safety at all times and in all climates. Try them, and if not satisfied the money will be refunded. To prevent counterfeits, the inside label of each Bottle will be signed by the sole proprietor.

GEO. C. GOODWIN, No. 76 Union Street, Boston. Price, 50 cents per Bottle.

For sale in Newport by R. J. Taylor, Geo. B. Knowles, and M. Freeborn, & Co., and Grosvenor & Chase, 36 & 38 Weybossett st. Providence.—Wholesale Agents for the State B. F. DUSTIN, Travelling Agent.

CLARET WINE.

Approved Brands, in cases of one doz. each. For sale by WILLIAM NEWTON, 150 Thames Street.

FLANNELS.

WHITE, Red and Yellow Flannels.—For sale cheap at No. 162 Thames streets, by H. SESSIONS.

WANTED.

A N ACTIVE BOY about 14 or 15 years of age, as an Apprentice to the Printing business. Apply at August 8.] This Office.

Domestic Knit Hosiery.

IN every variety and size,—of the best quality; nice Woolen yarn; Black, Colored, and White 3 thread Knitting Worsted. For sale at No. 162 Thames street, by H. SESSIONS.

Embroiderers.

A FURTHER supply of beautiful Embroidered Jacketon and Muslin Collars of several styles, —ALSO— Valenciennes and Edgings, Muslin and Cambric Edgings and insertings. Just received by WM. C. COZZENS, & CO.

Aug. 8. London Porter, Philadelphia Porter, Pale Ale, & CHAMPAGNE Cider, In quart and Pint Bottles,—for sale by WILLIAM NEWTON, 150 Thames street.

Aug. 8.] Court of Probate, Newport, Aug. 3, 1846

THE Administrator on the estate of CHARLES M. THURSTON, dec. presents his second account on said estate for allowance.

The same is read and received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in Newport, the 1st Monday in September next at 9 o'clock a. m. and it is further ordered that notice thereof be given by advertisement for 3 successive weeks in the Newport Mercury, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy, attest. B B HOWLAND Probate Clerk.

CONCERT.

MISS NORTHALL, AND SIGNOR DE BEGNIS,

Have the honor to announce that they will give a

CONCERT

AT THE

OCEAN HOUSE

NEWPORT,

On TUESDAY EVENING next,

Aug. 11th, 1846.

(Full particulars in Small Bills.)

Tickets One Dollar, to be had at the principal Hotels, and at the door on the evening of the concert.

Concert to commence at 8 o'clock. Aug. 8.

BELOGNA SAUSAGES for sale by William Newton 150 Thames street, August 8.]

Southern PINE LUMBER, PLANK, BOARDS and TIMBER.

30,000 FT Southern Pine Plank, 2 to 4 inches, 20,000 FT HEADING, 5,000 ft Flooring Boards, grooved and tongued. 20,000 ft of Timber —for sale by JOHN D. NORTHAM, Newport, August 8.

Block Island Codfish.—For sale by WILLIAM NEWTON, 150 Thames street, Aug. 8.]

THIN DRESS GOODS.

A FEW Lawns, Lawn Gingham, & Balzorines,—balance of Summer stock, will be sold at a very low price, by WM. C. COZZENS, & CO. Aug. 8.

Canton Preserves, consisting of Ginger, Citron, Mangos, and Choke Choke, imported and for sale by W. M. NEWTON, August 8.] 150 Thames street.

Cotton Warps.

BLUE and White Cotton Warps of the best quality, for sale at No. 126 Thames street, by H. SESSIONS. Aug. 8.]

HOMONY, for sale by William Newton, 150 Thames street, August 8.]

CONFECTIONARY, CAKE, & Ice Cream SALOON.

Corner of Spring and Touro Streets.

DAVIS, (of New York,) respectfully informs the dwellers of Newport, both permanent and transient, that he has taken the store, corner of Spring & Touro sts., and fitted it up in an elegant manner for their accommodation.

He will at all times be prepared to furnish visitors with Ice Cream, of a superior flavor, Fruit of every variety, Cakes, Confectionary, Soda Water, and every luxury of the season.

Newport, July 13.

R. I. Bridge Company.

AT the Annual Meeting of the stock holders of the Rhode Island Bridge Company held on MONDAY, July 27, 1846, the following gentlemen were elected Directors for the year ensuing, viz: Stephen T. Northam, Wm. A. Clarke, N. S. Ruggles, Peleg Clarke, R. B. Cranston, Isaac Burdick, William Littlefield.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors, Nathaniel S. Ruggles was appointed President, W. A. CLARKE, Clerk & Treasurer August 1.]

For Providence.

THE new and commodious steamboat ROGER WILLIAMS, Captain Woolsey, will leave Newport, every day, (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a. m., and 4 p. m.

Leaves Providence at 6 and 10 o'clock, a. m. For New York, on the days when there is no boat on the outside route. The Roger Williams will connect with the Stonington Route at Providence. Passengers from Newport for New York can get their Tickets through from Newport to New York on board the Roger Williams. Fare \$3.

For further information apply at No. 128 Thames st. stairs. Charles N. Tilley, Agent. Newport, August 1.

INDEPENDENT LINE

FOR NEW YORK.

Opposition to Monopoly. Cabin Fare ONE DOLLAR. Deck Fare 75 CENTS.

THE splendid steamer Mutual Safety, Capt. CHILDS, will leave Newport every Monday, Wednesday and Friday evening at about 8 o'clock, for New York.

For further information apply on board the boat, or to A. WILSON, at the Office on the Long Wharf. August 1, 1846.—tf.

By this Mornings Mail.

WASHINGTON, August 6th.

SENATE.—Mr. Webster again refuted the assertion of the Union that duties are to be assessed upon home valuation under the new Tariff Bill.

A message was received from the President announcing the ratification of the Oregon treaty, and recommending the adoption of measures for the government of the territory and protection of our citizens.

On Mr. Hannegan's motion, the message was laid on the table and ordered to be printed, yeas 25, nays 19.

House.—A bill regulating courts in western New York was taken up, amended and passed.

The House then went into Committee of the whole, Mr. Cobb in the chair, and took up the Naval Appropriation bill, but no action was taken thereon.

The rest of the business was unimportant.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Charles O. Handy, Esq., President of the New Jersey Transportation Company died suddenly this morning in his office. He was sitting in a chair reading a newspaper, when he fell back and expired. Mr. H. was between forty and fifty years of age, and had been for many years a Purser in the Navy.—N. Y. Cour. & Enq. of Friday.

About 100 visitors arrived here this morning. Among them was Herr Alexander, the great Magician.

Hints for the Warm Season.

THIS wonderful compound combines MEDICAL POWERS over all other preparations ever formed for the relief of those diseases for which it is recommended, such as Headache, Dizziness, Sleepiness, Noises in the Head, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Nausea or sickness in the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Pain after Eating, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Jaundice, Constiveness, Determination of Blood to the Head, Piles, Coughs, Colds, Pain in the side, back, limbs and joints, Rheumatism, all Chronic Diseases, Scrofulous Humors, Salt Rheum, and all Cutaneous Eruptions of the Skin, General Debility, &c.

The Dandelion & Tomato Panacea

is particularly recommended in cases of INDIGESTION and DYSPEPSIA. The following are some of its distressing symptoms: Palpitation of the heart, heartburn, loss of appetite, pain after eating, languor, melancholy, restlessness, &c. It will cure the worst diseases of

Rheumatism,

and will eradicate mercury from the system, infinitely faster and better than the common Sarsaparilla preparation. The DANDELION and TOMATO PANACEA is, as all must be aware, from the ingredients of which it is compounded, the best as well as the safest

Spring & Summer Medicine

now before the public. Spring and Summer are the seasons when

Diarrhoea & Dysentery

prevails, only use a wine glass of the Panacea in the morning for one or two days and you will get immediate relief. It has proved itself a most astonishing and effectual remedy for the worst of all maladies,

The Piles.

because it cleanses and enables the stomach to discharge into the bowels, and causes a free circulation, and regulates the whole system, and thereby prevents

Costiveness.

In cases of Costiveness, either of recent or long standing, it has proved itself effectual after all other remedies have failed.

Scrofula or King's Evil.

all other eruptions of the skin are caused by the impure state of the blood, and to have pure blood a medicine should be occasionally taken. The Panacea is wonderful in its effects for purifying and

Cleansing the Blood.

and is therefore a preventative for all eruptions of the skin and will eradicate

Humors

of long standing, and in fact it is requisite for the promotion of

Sound Health

from the most exhausted constitutions. For sale by JAMES KIDDER, Jr., East Boston; Halburton & Co., 12 State street; Redding & Co., 8 State street; J. S. Houghton, 130 Washington street, and by Druggists and appointed agents in city and country.

For sale in Newport, by Dr R. R. Hazard, R. J. Taylor, and C. G. C. Hazard.

REGULAR MAIL LINE

FOR NEW YORK, DIRECT.

The steamer NEPTUNE, Captain Wm. Rollins, will leave here Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings for New York, at about half past 8 o'clock.

The MASSACHUSETTS, Capt. Potter, on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evening.



**Carriage for Sale.**  
THE subscriber has for sale an English Carriage, in perfect order, which would be disposed of on very reasonable terms, on application to  
**JOHN D. NORTHAM.**

**Savings' Bank.**  
A DIVIDEND was declared this day of THREE per cent, on all sums that have been in for the space of six months, and ONE and a HALF per cent on all sums that have been in for the space of three months, agreeably to the regulations of the institution, payable on and after Saturday the 18th inst.  
**C. GYLES, Treasurer.**  
July 17, 1846.

**Marine and Fire Insurance.**  
THE American Insurance Company, Providence, R. I., continue to insure against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE, on Cotton, Woolen, and other Manufactories, Buildings, and Merchandise, and also against MARINE RISKS on favorable terms. The capital stock,  
**\$150,000**  
ALL PAID IN, AND WELL INVESTED.  
Directors elected June 3d, 1844.

William Rhodes, Wilbur Kelly, Robert R. Stafford, Amos D. Smith, Resolved Waterman, Shubael Hutchins, Ebenezer Kelly, Tully D. Bowen, Nathaniel Bishop, George S. Rathbone, Caleb Harris, Jabez Bullock, and Walker Humphrey.  
Persons wishing for Insurance, are requested to direct their applications, (which should be accompanied with a particular description of the property,) per mail, to the President or Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.  
Applications for Insurance may be made in Newport to GEORGE BOWEN, Agent.

WILBER KELLY, President.  
ALLEN O. PECK, Secretary.  
American Insurance Co.'s  
Office, Feb. 7, 1846.

**The Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company.**

THE subscriber having been appointed Agent for the above Company, in this town and vicinity, is now prepared to receive applications from those who may wish to effect Insurance on their lives, receive Annuities or Endowments.

For particulars as to rates, premiums, &c. apply to JOHN D. NORTHAM, Agent, C. CORNOR, M. D. Medical Examiner.  
N. B. This Company promises advantages for Life Insurance, which are offered by no similar Institution in this country, and is now doing a very successful business, having issued since the 1st of May, 1171 Policies, the premium on which amount to \$100,995, 25 cts.  
Newport, March 26, 1846.

**Fire Works**  
FOR sale at Stacy's variety store, corner of Thames & Frank streets.

**Ice Cream Saloon.**  
CORNER OF THAMES & FRANK STS.  
STACY'S Ice Cream Saloon is now open for the accommodation of Visitors, where will be found Ice Creams & Ices, Jellys, Preserves, Fruit, Cake, &c. &c., all of which will be served up in good shape, and at a reasonable price, and warranted equal to any in this or any other city.  
Ice Cream made and sent to any part of the town in Pyramids, or otherwise at 50 cts. per quart, and warranted to be made of pure Cream, or no sale.  
T. STACY, Jr.

JUST received at the Long Room, a lot of Summer Cloths, Vestings, &c., which are offered at the Lowest PRICES by  
**J. M. HAMMETT.**

**For Sale or To Let**  
and possession given immediately.

THE estate in Portsmouth, near Mitchell's Mill, lately occupied by Samuel Heath, deceased, consisting of a new two story Dwelling House with a Wheelwright Shop and about 11 acres of land adjoining the same. For further particulars and terms apply to  
**JAMES CHASE.**  
Portsmouth, Feb. 21, 1846.

**To Let for the Season,**  
WITH THE FURNITURE,

THAT beautiful and pleasantly situated House, Garden &c. situated on the Hill in Newport, (the past season occupied by his excellency the Chevalier Calderon de la Barca,) a few rods in the rear of South Touro street, and is about in the centre of the elegant new Hotels. The House is in excellent order, with a large balcony on the top, and commands a very extensive view of the Ocean, Rivers, Forts and adjacent country in every direction.—It cannot be surpassed if equalled for a Summer residence by any on the Island, and cannot fail to please any Family who may make their residence in Newport. For terms &c., apply to  
**ABRAHAM BROWN,**  
on the premises.  
Newport, March 28, 1846.

**A first rate Farm for Sale.**

That well known and beautiful, well situated Farm, containing about fifty acres of highly cultivated land, and known by the name of the George Armstrong Farm, is now offered for sale.  
This farm is on the margin of the sea, with valuable privileges of building stone, sand, gravel and sea manure. It lies at the bottom of Narragansett street, and is constantly increasing in value. For further particulars, apply to  
**JOSIAH C. SHAW.**  
Newport, May 24, 1845—11.

**NEW YORK.**  
Print Warehouse  
**PRICES REDUCED**  
At the extensive Establishment for  
**PRINTS ONLY,**  
BY

**LEE & BREWSTER,**  
**44**  
**Cedar Street, New York.**

THIS STOCK of Printed Calicoes, nearly all recently purchased for cash and short credit, at greatly reduced prices, are offered at from

**1 to 6 Cents,**  
(Per Yard)  
**LOWER**

**THAN THE PRICES OF APRIL.**

Purchasers are guaranteed the prices—and allowances made for a given period.  
Catalogues (renewed and corrected daily)—regulating the prices—are placed in the hands of buyers, and sent with goods ordered.

**Spring Trade Opening!**  
**GREAT COMMOTION AMONG THE NEW GOODS.**  
**EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS.**

**An Entire New Stock of**  
**Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,**  
EXPRESSLY FOR

**Spring & Summer Wear**  
And comprising a better assortment of seasonable Goods, than was ever before offered in the

**RHODE ISLAND MARKET.**  
Is now ready for inspection and sale, at the

**'LONG ROOM,'**  
**133 1-2 Thames St.**

**Attention the Whole!!**  
**Hats & Caps,**

**For the Spring of 1846.**

THE subscriber is now ready to offer the standard fashion of (Swell Crown) Hats, also, Caps of every description, **CHEAPER** than any other Store in the place.

Gentlemen in want of a beautiful article are respectfully invited to call.  
N. B. A large lot of CAP COVERINGS.  
**J. M. HAMMETT.**  
Newport, April 11.

**TO LET,**  
THE elegant Mansion of Wm Beach Lawrence, Esq., with the Furniture, is offered to let for the season. The location of the House, for beauty and variety of prospect and purity of air is not surpassed by any in this vicinity; situated on the sea shore it commands a fine view of the beach and its vicinity, and though but within a few minutes ride or walk to the centre of the town, possesses all the retirement of the country.  
For further particulars enquire of  
**J. C. SHAW.**  
Newport July 4.—11.

**James Phillips,**  
HAS just received a new style of Cassimeres, Linens, Vestings, Cravats, Tweeds, Cashmere for coats, &c., which are now open and for sale cheap.

All garments made to order, and warranted to fit. At 108 Thames street.

**Important Notice.**

**KIDDER'S**  
Valuable HORSE Liniment,

WARRANTED to be one of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for sprains, windgalls, spavins, stiffness of the joints, strains and callouses of long standing, also for swellings, fresh wounds, galls, &c. &c. This truly valuable Liniment has been extensively used for the last 20 years, and in no instance has it failed to give satisfaction to the purchaser; it is cheaper than any other article, as it requires but a small quantity to complete a cure.

Also will answer equally as well for Neck or Horn cattle. Prepared only by the Inventor and Proprietor,  
**JAMES KIDDER.**  
East Boston, also for sale by R. R. Hazard  
Newport, R.I. [Dec. 7 1845.]

**REMOVAL.**

**TIN and SHEET IRON WARE**  
Establishment.

THE subscribers have removed their establishment to No. 137 Thames street, (directly opposite the store of B. Marsh, Jr.) where they will continue to manufacture every description of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, which they will sell on as REASONABLE TERMS as can be purchased at any other Store in Newport.

They have on hand a lot of plain Japan and Britannia Ware, and they also keep on hand an assortment of Sheet and Cast Iron

**STOVES,**  
of the most approved patterns.

**Job Work,**  
OF EVERY KIND

in the above line of business, promptly attended to.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

**COGGESHALL & BLISS.**  
Newport, Oct. 25, 1845.

**Daguerreotypes.**

**Wonderful Improvements in the**  
**Mystic Art.**

**MANCHESTER & BROTHER,**

HAVING again returned to Newport, and opened rooms on the corner of Thames & Mary streets, (over J. H. Jovet's Store,) in building occupied by Dr. Boutelle, are now prepared, after four years successful practice, to execute Miniatures in a style which cannot fail to please the most fastidious and critical observers. From a late discovery in chemical preparation peculiar to ourselves, we are enabled to finish our miniatures in a manner giving beauty and durability unrivalled by any. Likenesses taken equally well in any weather, and warranted to suit customers in every respect, or no pay is required. Ladies and Gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine our specimens.

Plates, cases, apparatus, &c., furnished to operators; and instruction given in the Art.  
Newport, June 20, 1846.

**Plumbe National Daguerrian Gallery and Photographers Furnishing Depots:**

AWARDED the Gold and Silver Medals, Four first premiums, and two highest honors, at the National, the Massachusetts, the New York, and the Pennsylvania Exhibitions, respectively, for the most splendid Colored Daguerreotypes and best Apparatus ever exhibited.

Portraits taken in exquisite style, without regard to weather.

Instruction given in the art.

A large assortment of Apparatus and Stock always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.

New York, 251 Broadway; Philadelphia, 136 Chestnut street; Boston, 75 Court, and 58 Hanover streets; Baltimore, 205 Baltimore st.; Washington, Pennsylvania Avenue; Petersburg, Va., Mechanics' Hall; Cincinnati, Fourth and Walnut, and 176 Main St.; Saratoga Springs, Broadway; Paris, 127 Vieille Rue de Temple; Liverpool, 32 Church St.

July 4, 1846

**Newport Female Seminary,**  
MISSIS COE, PRINCIPALS.

IN this institution the scholastic year is divided into two terms of 22 weeks each, the Summer term commencing on the third Wednesday in May; the Winter term the first Wednesday in November. Pupils can board at the Seminary and pursue their studies during the vacation if Parents desire.

**BOARDERS,** \$200 per annum, including fuel in winter, sea bathing in summer and an extensive course of English studies, or \$300 will include music, drawing and painting, Latin and modern languages.  
**DAY SCHOLARS,** \$8 per 11 weeks.  
Primary Department, \$5 per 11 weeks.

**REFERENCES.**

Newport.—Rev. C. T. Brooks, Rev. A. H. Dumont, Rev. T. Thayer, Capt. Taylor, U. S. N., Hon Henry Y. Cranston, Peleg Clarke, Esq. and Samuel B. Vernon, Esq.

New York.—Dr. Potts, Rev. E. Mason, Messrs. Prime, Ward & King, and John Gibson, Esq.

Brooklyn.—Mrs. Stone, Cutler, Cox, Broadhead, and Rev. Francis Vinton.

West Point.—Capt. Brewster, U. S. E. New Haven.—Dr. Romeo Elton.

Boston.—Augustus Thorndike, Esq., Hon Abbott Lawrence, Rev. Dr. Lowell, Rev. David Reed, Rev. E. N. Kirk, Rev. Wm M. Rodgers, Rev. H. Winslow, Principal of Beacon High School, Lowell, Mass., Esq.

Jamaica Plains.—Rev. J. O. Choules.

Savannah.—Rev W. Preston, M. Hall McAllister, Esq. Francis Sorrel, A. A. Somers, Esq.

Hague, Va.—Dr. Wheelwright, Walter Bowie, Esq.

Newport, May 30, 1846.

**Franklin Hall Replenished!!**  
**FRESH GROCERIES &**

**PROVISIONS.**

JUST RECEIVED by sloops Republic and Vigilant, from New York, a large assortment of Family Groceries and Provisions that will be sold Cheap. Among them are the following:—

65 lbs Western Flour,  
12 packages fresh Tons,  
10 bags Java, Rio, and Cuba Coffee,  
12 boxes Ground do,  
10 boxes White and Brown Havana Sugar  
4 kegs English Mustard,  
6 hogheads St. Croix Molasses,  
14 boxes No 1 Herring,  
20 drums Figs,  
4 kegs pure Ginger,  
10 lbs good Cider Vinegar,  
50 bags Ground Salt,  
14 boxes No 1 Soap,  
3000 lbs Hams,  
2 casks Head Rice,  
4 bundles Alicant and Jute Door Mats,  
4 bbls Fulton Market Corned Beef,  
6 bush London Split Peas,  
15 boxes Raisins,  
6 bbls Dried Apples,  
8 bbls Leaf Lard,  
4 bbls Pickles, small and large; also in glass jars,  
6 doz Brooms,  
4 casks Currants,  
Wines and Cordials,  
20 boxes Western Cheese,  
12 boxes of those old English Cheese, a splendid article,  
3 bbls White Beans,  
Also, smoked and pickled Salmon,  
Pickled Fish of different kinds, Wooden ware, Pails, Tubs, Baskets, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, and lots of other articles, too numerous to mention.  
May 23.] **FRANK HAMMETT.**

**TO LET,**

A Cottage with or without furniture, 3 miles from Newport and 1-4 of a mile from a fine Bathing Beach, with a carriage house and garden. For terms apply to

**JOHN D. NORTHAM.**

July 4.

**Jayne's Expectorant.**

We esteem it a pleasure to be able to recommend this medicine, as the best calculated for the purpose of curing coughs, colds, sore throat, asthma, and all affections of the lungs. From a long personal acquaintance with Dr. Jayne, we know that he is no quack, and his medicines are not nostrums of the modern cry-up, but are the result of his long experience as a practising physician, and the expense of great labour—*Harford (Ct.) Review.*

ONLY GIVE IT A FAIR TRIAL.—We ask no more of any one, than to give Dr. Jayne's Expectorant a fair trial, and if it does not cure the various diseases for which it is recommended, sooner and more effectually than any other medicine that has ever been offered to the public, the Proprietor is willing to undergo any penalty, however severe, the public may see proper to impose upon him. It has, and it will cure Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Bleeding from the Lungs or Throat, Whooping Cough, Croup, and a very large majority of the most hopeless cases of CONSUMPTION, when Physicians and prescriptions fail to do any good. Again we say, only try it. It will not harm you, but it must and it will do you good.

For sale in Newport, by Dr. R. R. Hazard.

**MORE PROOF.**

Darlington, Beaver Co., Pa., Feb. 1839.  
Dr. D. Jayne.—Dear Sir,—My little son, when about two months old, was seized with a bowel complaint. It continued for two weeks without intermission, and notwithstanding the remedies prescribed by a respectable Physician, we gave up the child a victim, as we supposed, to a fatal disease. But I providentially heard of Jayne's Carminative, as an effectual cure for bowel complaint, and immediately dispatched a messenger to a town seventeen miles off for a bottle. By the use of this medicine, in less than thirty six hours the disease was checked, and by its constant use for a few days, the child was restored to perfect health. Shortly after this there occurred a similar case in one of the families of my congregation. I prescribed Jayne's Carminative, and the result was a speedy cure.

The same child, owing to exposure, when recently coming up the Ohio, was attacked by that horrible malady, CROUP. We landed in the night at Beaver Point, and when our fears were alarmed lest the horrid sepulchral cough was the forerunner of death, we gave him a teaspoonful of your Expectorant, and applied some liniment to the throat and breast; and before many minutes the hoarseness was gone, the child breathed freely and slept sweetly. Owing to these circumstances it cannot be wondered at why I have so high an opinion of your medicines, and why I advise every family to keep them on hand, ready for any emergency. Respectfully yours,  
**ARTHUR B. BRADFORD,**  
Pastor of the Presbyterian Church,  
Darlington, Pa.

For sale in Newport, by Dr. R. R. Hazard.

**OIL AND SOAP**

**FACTORY,**

**Year the Brick Market.**

THE subscriber has just completed his establishment for the manufacture of Sperm & Whale Oil, Soap of various kinds, &c.

He has now on hand and for sale, at the lowest prices, first quality bleached and unbleached SPERM & WHALE OIL. Also—CHEMICAL & COMPOSITION OIL—all of which he warrants to give perfect satisfaction.—The public are respectfully invited to call, examine and test the articles he offers.  
**JOHN D. NORTHAM.**  
Newport, March 14, 1846.

**R. P. LEE**

OFFERS for sale at the old stand of  
**R. P. LEE & Co.,** a recently replenished stock of

**HARDWARE,**

Consisting of a Complete Assortment.

—ALSO—

Charts, Blunts Coast Pilot, Ship Masters Assistants, Bowditch Navigators, Log Books, Log Paper, Log Slates, Seamen's Journals, Sail Scrapers, Sail Needles, Caulking Irons, Halfpound Glasses, Log Glasses, Patent Sheaves, for chain or rope.

**MASTS & SPARS**  
At the Spar Yard, on Lee's Wharf.

Newport, April 4, 1846.

**Naukin Cape Shawl**  
Cashmere Shawls,  
Black Grograin Shawls,

Will be opened THIS DAY,  
**E. W. LAWTON, & SON.**

**Brass Founder & Copper Smith**

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he is prepared to execute orders in the line of his business, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. All articles in the Copper-smith and Foundry line, manufactured and repaired, in the most substantial manner. Lead Pipes, of all descriptions, kept constantly on hand, and fitted as desired, in any manner. Copper and Iron Pumps, of all kinds, kept constantly on hand, and fitted in the best order, and warranted never to fail, until worn out. Iron lift Pumps, from \$1.00 to \$8.00 Copper, " " 3.50 " 8.00

Also, an assortment of FORCE PUMPS. A share of public patronage is solicited, and the most ample satisfaction will be given. Store, a few doors north of the Custom House.

**NATHAN M. CHAFEE.**

Newport, June 6.

**LIME.**

FIRST quality Dexter Joiner & Harris Joint Lime, for Whitewashing. For sale by  
**CHARLES DEVENS.**

**S. DEBLOIS**

HAS REMOVED his wood yard from Langley's wharf, (where he has kept for a number of years back,) to the commodious lot at the upper end of Prospect Hill street, and directly opposite his residence where he will continue to keep an assortment of wood of the best quality and sell as low as can be purchased in town.—He solicits a continuance of his old customers and as many new ones as will favor him with theirs. The distance to his Wood Yard on the Hill will not be so far to walk as to the Wharf, and much pleasanter.—He will continue to keep Family Flour, of the most approved brands, and if not equal to the recommendation will be exchanged free of expense to the purchaser.

Also, Eastern Lime, by the barrel, Boards, &c., &c., as usual. He will endeavor to give satisfaction to purchasers. Those indebted to him will please call and settle their accounts.  
Newport, May 2, 1846.

**Guardian's Notice.**

THE Subscriber having been appointed Guardian to

**JOSEPH H. GIFFORD,**  
of Portsmouth, a minor, and having taken upon himself that trust by giving bonds as the law directs; he requests all persons interested to take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

**SETH R. ANTHONY, Guardian.**  
Portsmouth, May 11, 1846.

**Court of Probate, Little Compton, July 13.**

THE Commissioners heretofore by this Court appointed to receive and examine the claims against the estate of

**JOHN MANLEY,**

late of Little Compton, dec., present their report, and the consideration thereof is referred to Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in Little Compton on the 10th day of August next, at 1 o'clock, p. m.

And it is ordered that the Administrator on said Estate cause public notice to be given by publishing a copy of this order three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, to all persons interested to appear at said time and place, if they see fit, to show cause, why said report should not be received and said commission closed.

**OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.**

**Court of Probate, Middletown, July 20, 1846.**

THE Executor's last account on the estate of

**CHARLES COLLINS,**

late of Middletown, deceased, was presented for examination and allowance.

It is ordered, That the same be received, and the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be held at the Town House in Middletown, the 31 Monday in August next, at 1 o'clock p. m. and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this Order for three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place, and be heard.

A true Copy—witness  
**JOSHUA COGGEHALL, Probate Clerk.**

**Court of Probate, Little Compton, July 13.**

AN Instrument in writing purporting to be the last will and testament of

**MICHAEL GIFFORD,**

late of Little Compton, dec., was presented to this Court for examination and approval.

It is ordered that the same be received, and the examination and approval of the same be referred to Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in said Little Compton, on the 10th day of August next, at one o'clock, P. M., and it is ordered that public notice be given by publishing a copy of this order, three successive weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, to all persons interested to appear at said time and place if they see fit, and show cause why said instrument should not be proved and approved as the last Will and Testament of the said Michael Gifford.

**OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.**

**Savings' Bank.**

AT a meeting of the Corporation of the SAVINGS' BANK, held July 17 1846, the following named gentlemen were chosen Directors of the Institution, for the ensuing year, viz.—George Engs, Isaac Gould, George Bowen, Benjamin Finch, Charles E. Hammett, Josiah S. Munroe, Stephen T. Northam, David Melville, Job Sherman, Joseph Weaver, Robert B. Canston, John Stevens, Adam S. Coe, Samuel Brown, Robert P. Lee, Edwin Wilbur, William Sherman, John V. Hammett Benjamin H. Ailman, Benjamin Marsh, Jr., William C. Cozzens, Benjamin H. Tisdale, Thomas W. Brown, George T. Weaver, George W. Cole.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Directors on the same day, the following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: George Engs, President; Charles Gyles, Treasurer; and  
**B. B. HOWLAND, Sec'y.**  
Newport, July 18, 1846.

**BATHING DRESSES,**

IN all their variety, and at the Lowest Prices, for sale by

**WM. C. COZZENS & CO**

July 25, 1846.

**SHAWLS,**

JUST RECEIVED AT

**H. SESSION'S**

Newport, May 9.

**Hough Ski ts.**

A Supply of the improved Hough Skirts, which are a much superior article to the first received. For sale by

**WM. C. COZZENS, & CO.**

July 25.

**Bogle's Hyperion Fluid.**

FOR beautifying, cleansing, curling and preserving the hair. Before bathing by rubbing the Hair with this Fluid, it will resist the action of the salt.

Sold by R. J. TAYLOR, Agent.  
Newport, July 25.

**CORNS!**

**MADAM BERRIARD, Corn Doc.**  
tor, (from Paris,) politely announces her arrival from New York, to the citizens and visitors of Newport, and will feel obliged to those who will honor her with a call, at Mrs. BURDICK's, first house in Young st., near Thames; and has the honor to inform the public that by a new and peculiar method, she extracts Hard and Soft Corns, Bunions, Callouses, &c., without cutting.

Madam B. does not attempt to offer a nostrum, requiring secrecy or faith to require its efficacy, but confidently assuring those who may suffer from troublesome and painful corns, that they may have the satisfaction of carrying away their tormentors, their corns in their hand.

The operation will not occupy more than ten minutes.

Ladies and Gentlemen will be waited upon at their residence.

Those who wish Madam B's services, are invited to call as soon as possible  
Newport, July 18.

**Commissioners' & Administrators' Notice.**

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate, Commissioners to receive and examine the claim against the estate of

**JOHN EASTON.**

late of Newport, dec., represented insolvent; and six months from the 6th of July 1846, were allowed for the creditors to present and prove their respective claims, we will attend at the office of Peter P. Remington, on the second Saturdays of November and December, 1846, and on the 2d Saturday of January 1847, at 2 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of deciding on such claims.

**JOSIAH C. SHAW,**  
**JAMES LAWTON,**  
**DANIEL C. DENHAM.**

The subscriber having been appointed Administrator on the estate of John Easton, requests all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment.

**PETER P. REMINGTON, Adm'r.**  
Newport, July 11, 1846.

**Administrators' Notice.**

THE subscribers hereby give notice that they have been duly appointed Administrators on the estate of

**THOMAS FOWLER.**

late of Newport, Merchant, dec., and have taken upon themselves that trust by giving bonds as law directs. All persons having demands against the estate of said deceased are requested to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to

**HARRIET FOWLER, Adm'r.**  
**ROBERT R. CARR, Adm'r.**

**FOR SALE.**